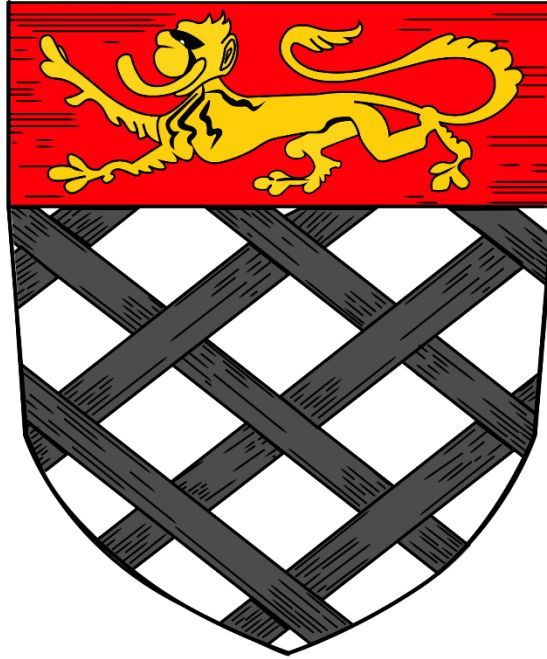


**MEPPERSHALL
PARISH COUNCIL**



FINANCIAL REGULATIONS

As re-adopted at a meeting of Meppershall Parish Council on 13th May 2024

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DOCUMENT CONTROL

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DOCUMENT AMENDMENT HISTORY

Revision No.	Originator of change	Date of change	Change Description
2.0	Procedures Working Group	12/02/18	Amendments to content in line with NALC Model Financial Regulations
3.0	Clerk	13/05/19	Amendments to content in line with NALC Model Financial Regulations and to layout.
3.1	Clerk	09/09/19	Amendments to content in line with NALC Model Financial Regulations
3.2	Clerk	10/05/21	Amendments to thresholds for public works contracts and addition of paragraph 4.10 regarding expenses.
3.3	Clerk	09/05/22	Financial controls and procurement amended as per NALC Legal Topic Note (LTN) 87,
3.4	Clerk	13/05/24	Financial controls and procurement amended as per NALC Legal Topic Note (LTN) 87,

1 GENERAL

- 1.1. All These financial regulations govern the conduct of financial management by the council and may only be amended or varied by resolution of the Council. Financial regulations are one of the Council's three governing policy documents providing procedural guidance for members and officers. Financial regulations must be observed in conjunction with the Council's Standing Orders and any individual financial regulations relating to contracts.
- 1.2. The Council is responsible in law for ensuring that its financial management is adequate and effective, and that the Council has a sound system of internal control which facilitates the effective exercise of the Council's functions, including arrangements for the management of risk.
- 1.3. The Council's accounting control systems must include measures:
 - for the timely production of accounts;
 - that provide for the safe and efficient safeguarding of public money;
 - to prevent and detect inaccuracy and fraud; and
 - identifying the duties of officers.
- 1.4. These financial regulations demonstrate how the Council meets these responsibilities and requirements.
- 1.5. At least once a year, prior to approving the Annual Governance Statement, the Council must review the effectiveness of its system of internal control which shall be in accordance with proper practices.
- 1.6. A breach of these Regulations by an employee is gross misconduct.
- 1.7. Members of the Council are expected to follow the instructions within these Regulations and not to entice employees to breach them. Failure to follow instructions within these Regulations brings the office of Councillor into disrepute.
- 1.8. The Responsible Financial Officer (RFO) holds a statutory office to be appointed by the Council. The Clerk/RFO has been appointed as RFO for this council and these Regulations will apply accordingly.
- 1.9. The RFO:
 - acts under the policy direction of the Council;
 - administers the Council's financial affairs in accordance with all Acts, regulations and proper practices;
 - determines on behalf of the Council its accounting records and accounting control systems;
 - ensures the accounting control systems are observed;
 - maintains the accounting records of the Council up to date, in accordance with proper practices;

- assists the Council to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness in the use of its resources; and
- produces financial management information as required by the Council.

1.10. The accounting records determined by the RFO shall be sufficient to show and explain the Council's transactions. They should enable the RFO to ensure that any income and expenditure account and statement of balances, or record of receipts and payments and additional information, as the case may be, or management information prepared for the Council from time to time comply with the Accounts and Audit Regulations.

1.11. The accounting records determined by the RFO shall in particular contain:

- entries from day to day of all sums of money received and expended by the Council and the matters to which the income and expenditure or receipts and payments account relate;
- a record of the assets and liabilities of the Council; and
- wherever relevant, a record of the Council's income and expenditure in relation to claims made, or to be made, for any contribution, grant or subsidy.

1.12. The accounting control systems determined by the RFO shall include:

- procedures to ensure that the financial transactions of the Council are recorded as soon as reasonably practicable and as accurately and reasonably as possible;
- procedures to enable the prevention and detection of inaccuracies and fraud and the ability to reconstruct any lost records;
- identification of the duties of officers dealing with financial transactions and division of responsibilities of those officers in relation to significant transactions;
- procedures to ensure that uncollectable amounts, including any bad debts are not submitted to the Council for approval to be written off except with the approval of the RFO and that the approvals are shown in the accounting records; and measures to ensure that risk is properly managed.

1.13. The Council is not empowered by these Regulations or otherwise to delegate certain specified decisions. In particular any decision regarding:

- setting the final budget or the precept (Council Tax Requirement);
- approving accounting statements;
- approving an annual governance statement;
- borrowing;
- writing off bad debts;
- declaring eligibility for the General Power of Competence; and
- addressing recommendations in any report from the internal or external auditors

which shall be a matter for the full Council only.

1.14. In addition, the Council must:

- determine and keep under regular review the bank mandate for all council bank accounts;

- approve any grant or a single commitment in excess of £5,000; and
- review salaries on an annual basis having regard to any statutory regulations and recommendations from NALC /SLCC as a result of agreed national settlements.

1.15. In these Financial Regulations, references to the Accounts and Audit Regulations or ‘the Regulations’ shall mean regulations issued under the provisions of section 27 of the Audit Commission Act 1998, or any superseding legislation, and then in force unless otherwise specified.

In these financial regulations the term ‘proper practice’ or ‘proper practices’ shall refer to guidance issued in Governance and Accountability for Local Councils - a Practitioners’ Guide (England) issued by the Joint Practitioners Advisory Group (JPAG), available from the websites of NALC and the Society for Local Council Clerks (SLCC).

2 ACCOUNTING AND AUDIT (INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL)

2.1. All accounting procedures and financial records of the Council shall be determined by the RFO in accordance with the Accounts and Audit Regulations, appropriate Guidance and proper practices.

2.2. On a regular basis, at least once in each quarter, and at each financial year end, a member other than the Chairman shall be appointed to verify bank reconciliations (for all accounts) produced by the RFO. The member shall sign the reconciliations and the original bank statements (or similar document) as evidence of verification. This activity shall on conclusion be reported, including any exceptions, to and noted by the Council.

2.3. The RFO shall complete the annual statement of accounts, annual report, and any related documents of the Council contained in the Annual Return (as specified in proper practices) as soon as practicable after the end of the financial year and having certified the accounts shall submit them and report thereon to the Council within the timescales set by the Accounts and Audit Regulations.

2.4. The Council shall ensure that there is an adequate and effective system of internal audit of its accounting records, and of its system of internal control in accordance with proper practices. Any officer or member of the Council shall make available such documents and records as appear to the Council to be necessary for the purpose of the audit and shall, as directed by the Council, supply the RFO, internal auditor, or external auditor with such information and explanation as the Council considers necessary for that purpose.

2.5. The internal auditor shall be appointed by and shall carry out the work in relation to internal controls required by the Council in accordance with proper practices.

2.6. The internal auditor shall:

- be competent and independent of the financial operations of the Council;
- report to Council in writing, or in person, on a regular basis with a minimum of one annual written report during each financial year;

- be able to demonstrate competence, objectivity and independence, be free from any actual or perceived conflicts of interest, including those arising from family relationships; and
- have no involvement in the financial decision making, management or control of the Council.

2.7. Internal or external auditors may not under any circumstances:

- perform any operational duties for the Council;
- initiate or approve accounting transactions; or
- direct the activities of any council employee, except to the extent that such employees have been appropriately assigned to assist the internal auditor.

2.8. For the avoidance of doubt, in relation to internal audit the terms 'independent' and 'independence' shall have the same meaning as is described in proper practices.

2.9. The RFO shall make arrangements for the exercise of electors' rights in relation to the accounts including the opportunity to inspect the accounts, books, and vouchers and display or publish any notices and statements of account required by Audit Commission Act 1998, or any superseding legislation, and the Accounts and Audit Regulations.

2.10. The RFO shall, without undue delay, bring to the attention of all councillors any correspondence or report from internal or external auditors.

3 ANNUAL ESTIMATES (BUDGET) AND FORWARD PLANNING

3.1. Each Working Group shall review its forecast of revenue and capital receipts and payments and submit to the RFO proposals for the following financial year no later than the December meeting of the full Council.

3.2. The RFO must each year, by no later than the January meeting of the Council, prepare detailed estimates of all receipts and payments including the use of reserves and all sources of funding for the following financial year in the form of a budget to be considered by the Council.

3.3. The Council shall consider the annual budget proposals in relation to the recommendations for the use of reserves and sources of funding and update the forecast accordingly.

3.4. The Council shall fix the precept (council tax requirement), and relevant basic amount of council tax to be levied for the ensuing financial year. The RFO shall issue the precept to the billing authority and shall supply each member with a copy of the approved annual budget.

3.5. The approved annual budget shall form the basis of financial control for the ensuing year.

4 BUDGETARY CONTROL AND AUTHORITY TO SPEND

- 4.1. Expenditure on revenue items may be authorised up to the amounts included for that class of expenditure in the approved budget. This authority is to be determined by:
 - the Council for all items over £750;
 - the Clerk/RFO, in conjunction with Chairman shall have discretion for expenditure up to £750, to be confirmed at the next full council meeting.
- 4.2. No expenditure may be authorised that will exceed the amount provided in the revenue budget for that class of expenditure other than by resolution of the Council, or duly delegated committee. During the budget year and with the approval of Council having considered fully the implications for public services, unspent and available amounts may be moved to other budget headings or to an earmarked reserve as appropriate ('virement').
- 4.3. Unspent provisions in the revenue or capital budgets for completed projects shall not be carried forward to a subsequent year.
- 4.4. The salary budgets are to be reviewed at least annually when details of the National Local Government Pay negotiations have been advised for the following financial year and such review shall be evidenced by a hard copy schedule signed by the Clerk/RFO and the Chairman of Council or relevant committee. The RFO will inform committees of any changes impacting on their budget requirement for the coming year in good time.
- 4.5. In cases of extreme risk to the delivery of council services, the Clerk/RFO may authorise revenue expenditure on behalf of the council which in the Clerk/RFO's judgement it is necessary to carry out. Such expenditure includes repair, replacement or other work, whether or not there is any budgetary provision for the expenditure, subject to a limit of £750. The Clerk/RFO shall report such action to the Chairman as soon as possible and to the Council as soon as practicable thereafter.
- 4.6. No expenditure shall be authorised in relation to any capital project and no contract entered into or tender accepted involving capital expenditure unless the Council is satisfied that the necessary funds are available, and the requisite borrowing approval has been obtained.
- 4.7. All capital works shall be administered in accordance with the Council's Standing Orders and Financial Regulations relating to contracts.
- 4.8. The RFO shall regularly provide the Council with a statement of receipts and payments to date under each head of the budgets, comparing actual expenditure to the appropriate date against that planned as shown in the budget. These statements are to be prepared at least at the end of each financial quarter and shall show explanations of material variances. For this purpose, "material" shall be in excess of £100 or 15% of the budget.
- 4.9. Changes in earmarked reserves shall be approved by the Council as part of the budgetary control process.

- 4.10. Items purchased specifically at the direction of the MPC by either The Clerk, councillors or other employees of MPC and the authorised in accordance with these Financial Regulations, will be reimbursed. A VAT receipt should be obtained in the name of the council and submitted with a signed expenses claim form to the Clerk. Payments shall be made in arrears.

5 BANKING ARRANGEMENTS AND AUTHORISATION OF PAYMENTS

- 5.1. The Council's banking arrangements, including the bank mandate, shall be made by the RFO and approved by the Council; banking arrangements may not be delegated to a committee. They shall be reviewed annually or as required for safety and efficiency.
- 5.2. The RFO shall prepare a schedule of payments requiring authorisation, forming part of the agenda for the meeting and, together with the relevant invoices, present the schedule to the Council. The Council shall review the schedule for compliance and, having satisfied itself, shall authorise payment by a resolution of the Council. The approved schedule shall be signed by the Chairman of the meeting, RFO and at least one other councillor. A detailed list of all payments shall be disclosed within or as an attachment to the minutes of the meeting at which payment was authorised. Personal payments (including salaries, wages, expenses and any payment made in relation to the termination of a contract of employment) may be summarised to remove public access to any personal information.
- 5.3. All invoices for payment shall be examined, verified and certified by the RFO to confirm that the work, goods or services to which each invoice relates has been received, carried out, examined and represents expenditure previously approved by the Council.
- 5.4. The RFO shall examine invoices for arithmetical accuracy and analyse them to the appropriate expenditure heading. The RFO shall take all steps to pay all invoices submitted, and which are in order, at the next available council meeting.
- 5.5. The Clerk/RFO shall have delegated authority to authorise the payment of items only in the following circumstances:
- a) if a payment is necessary to avoid a charge to interest under the Late Payment of Commercial Debts (Interest) Act 1998, and the due date for payment is before the next scheduled meeting of the Council, where the Clerk/RFO certifies that there is no dispute or other reason to delay payment, provided that a list of such payments shall be submitted to the next appropriate meeting of the Council;
 - b) an expenditure item authorised under 5.6 below (continuing contracts and obligations) provided that a list of such payments shall be submitted to the next appropriate meeting of the Council or;
 - c) fund transfers within the Council's banking arrangements up to the sum of £10,000, provided that a list of such payments shall be submitted to the next appropriate meeting of the Council.

- 5.6. For each financial year the Clerk/RFO shall draw up a list of due payments which arise on a regular basis as the result of a continuing contract, statutory duty, or obligation (such as but not exclusively, salaries, PAYE and NI, Pensions and regular maintenance contracts and the like for which the Council may authorise payment for the year provided that the requirements of regulation 4.1 (Budgetary Controls) are adhered to, provided also that a list of such payments shall be submitted to the next appropriate meeting of the Council.
- 5.7. A record of regular payments made under 5.6 above shall be drawn up and be signed by two members on each and every occasion when payment is authorised - thus controlling the risk of duplicated payments being authorised and / or made.
- 5.8. Applications for grants will be placed before the Council for approval and authorisation.
- 5.9. Members are subject to the Code of Conduct that has been adopted by the Council and shall comply with the Code of Conduct and Standing Orders when a decision to authorise or instruct payment is made in respect of a matter in which they have a disclosable pecuniary or other interest, unless a dispensation has been granted.
- 5.10. The Council will aim to rotate the duties of members in these Regulations so that onerous duties are shared out as evenly as possible over time.
- 5.11. Any changes in the recorded details of suppliers, such as bank account records, shall be recorded by the Clerk/RFO.

6 INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE MAKING OF PAYMENTS

- 6.1. The Council will make safe and efficient arrangements for the making of its payments.
- 6.2. Following authorisation under Financial Regulation 5 above, the Council, or, if so delegated, the Clerk/RFO shall give instruction that a payment shall be made.
- 6.3. Notwithstanding the Legislative Reform Order 2013, the Council shall continue to regard the preferred method of payment to be by BACS. All payments shall be effected by BACS or other instructions to the Council's bankers, or otherwise, in accordance with a resolution of Council and in accord with points 6.4 to 6.11 below.
- 6.4. BACS payments drawn on the bank account for payment in accordance with the schedule as presented to the Council shall be operated by the Clerk/RFO and electronically approved for payment by at least one member of the Council, in accordance with a resolution instructing that payment. If a member who is approved to operate electronic transactions on the Council account has declared a disclosable pecuniary interest, or has any other interest, in the matter in respect of which the payment is being made, that Councillor shall be required to consider Standing Orders, and thereby determine whether it is appropriate and / or permissible to be a approver to the transaction in question.

- 6.5. Cheques or orders for payment drawn on the bank account in accordance with the schedule as presented to the Council shall be signed by two members and countersigned by the Clerk/RFO, in accordance with a resolution instructing that payment. If a member who is also a bank signatory has declared a disclosable pecuniary interest, or has any other interest, in the matter in respect of which the payment is being made, that Councillor shall be required to consider Standing Orders, and thereby determine whether it is appropriate and / or permissible to be a signatory to the transaction in question.
- 6.6. To indicate agreement of the details shown on the cheque or order for payment with the invoice or similar documentation, the signatories shall each also initial the cheque counterfoil.
- 6.7. Cheques or orders for payment shall not normally be presented for signature other than at a council meeting. Any signatures obtained away from such meetings shall be reported to the Council at the next convenient meeting.
- 6.8. If thought appropriate by the Council, payment for utility supplies (energy, telephone and water) and any National Non-Domestic Rates may be made by variable Direct Debit provided that the instructions are signed by two members and any payments are reported to the Council as made. The approval of the use of a variable Direct Debit shall be renewed by resolution of the Council at least every two years.
- 6.9. If thought appropriate by the Council, payment for certain items (principally salaries) may be made by Standing Order provided that the instructions are signed, or otherwise evidenced by two members, are retained and any payments are reported to the Council as made. The approval of the use of a Standing Order shall be renewed by resolution of the Council at least every two years.
- 6.10. If thought appropriate by the Council, payment for certain items may be made by BACS or CHAPS methods provided that the instructions for each payment are signed, or otherwise evidenced, by two authorised bank signatories, are retained and any payments are reported to the Council as made. The approval of the use of BACS or CHAPS shall be renewed by resolution of the Council at least every two years.
- 6.11. If thought appropriate by the Council, payment for certain items may be made by internet banking transfer provided evidence is retained showing which members approved the payment.
- 6.12. Where a computer requires use of a personal identification number (PIN) or other password(s), for access to the Council's records on that computer, a note shall be made of the PIN and Passwords and retained by the Chairman of the Council. The fact that access, in this manner has been gained to council's records, in whatever circumstances, shall be reported to all members immediately and formally to the next available meeting of the Council. This will not be required for a member's personal computer used only for remote authorisation of bank payments.

- 6.13. No employee or councillor shall disclose any PIN or password, relevant to the working of the Council or its bank accounts, to any person not authorised in writing by the Council.
- 6.14. Regular back-up copies of the records on any computer shall be made and shall be stored securely away from the computer in question, and preferably off site.
- 6.15. The Council, and any members using computers for the Council's financial business, shall ensure that anti-virus, anti-spyware and firewall, software with automatic updates, together with a high level of security, is used.
- 6.16. Where internet banking arrangements are made with any bank, the Clerk/RFO shall be appointed as the Service Administrator. The bank mandate approved by the Council shall identify a number of councillors who will be authorised to approve transactions on those accounts. The bank mandate will state clearly the amounts of payments that can be instructed by the use of the Service Administrator alone, or by the Service Administrator with a stated number of approvals.
- 6.17. Access to any internet banking accounts will be directly to the access page (which may be saved under "favourites"), and not through a search engine or e-mail link. Remembered or saved passwords facilities must not be used on any computer used for council banking work. Breach of this Regulation will be treated as a very serious matter under these regulations.
- 6.18. Changes to account details for suppliers, which are used for internet banking may only be changed on written hard copy notification by the supplier and supported by hard copy authority for change signed by the Clerk/RFO and a member. A programme of regular checks of standing data with suppliers will be followed.
- 6.19. Any Debit Card issued for use will be specifically restricted to the Clerk/RFO and will also be restricted to a single transaction maximum value of £1,000 unless authorised by the council in writing before any order is placed.
- 6.20. A pre-paid debit card may be issued to employees with varying limits. These limits will be set by the Council. Transactions and purchases made will be reported to the Council and authority for topping-up shall be at the discretion of the council.
- 6.21. A charge card may be issued to the Clerk/RFO with varying limits and shall be subject to automatic payment in full at each month-end. Limits will be restricted to a single transaction maximum value of £1,000 unless authorised by the council in writing before any order is placed, and a monthly limit of £2,500. Cash withdrawals will not be permitted. These limits will be set by the Council and reviewed periodically. Transactions and purchases made will be reported to the Council. The Clerk will administer the account with a councillors acting as a secondary administrator.
- 6.22. Any corporate credit card, trade card account opened by the Council will be specifically restricted to use by the Clerk/RFO and shall be subject to automatic payment in full at each

month-end. Personal credit or debit cards of members or staff shall not be used under any circumstances.

- 6.23. The Council will not maintain any form of cash float. All cash received must be banked intact. Any payments made in cash by the Clerk/RFO (for example for postage or minor stationery items) shall be refunded on a regular basis, at least quarterly.

7 PAYMENT OF SALARIES

- 7.1. As an employer, the Council shall make arrangements to meet fully the statutory requirements placed on all employers by PAYE and National Insurance legislation. The payment of all salaries shall be made in accordance with payroll records and the rules of PAYE and National Insurance currently operating, and salary rates shall be as agreed by the Council, or duly delegated committee.
- 7.2. Payment of salaries and payment of deductions from salary such as may be required to be made for tax, national insurance and pension contributions, or similar statutory or discretionary deductions must be made in accordance with the payroll records and on the appropriate dates stipulated in employment contracts, provided that each payment is reported to the next available council meeting, as set out in these regulations above.
- 7.3. No changes shall be made to any employee's pay, emoluments, or terms and conditions of employment without the prior consent of the Council.
- 7.4. Each and every payment to employees of net salary and to the appropriate creditor of the statutory and discretionary deductions shall be recorded in a separate confidential record (confidential cash book). This confidential record is not open to inspection or review (under the Freedom of Information Act 2000 or otherwise) other than:
- a. by any councillor who can demonstrate a need to know;
 - b. by the internal auditor;
 - c. by the external auditor; or
 - d. by any person authorised under Audit Commission Act 1998, or any superseding legislation.
- 7.5. The total of such payments in each calendar month shall be reported with all other payments as made as may be required under these Financial Regulations, to ensure that only payments due for the period have actually been paid.
- 7.6. An effective system of personal performance management should be maintained for the senior officers.
- 7.7. Any termination payments shall be supported by a clear business case and reported to the council. Termination payments shall only be authorised by the Council.
- 7.8. Before employing interim staff the Council must consider a full business case.

8 LOANS AND INVESTMENTS

- 8.1. All borrowings shall be effected in the name of the Council, after obtaining any necessary borrowing approval. Any application for borrowing approval shall be approved by the Council as to terms and purpose. The application for Borrowing Approval, and subsequent arrangements for the Loan shall only be approved by the full Council.
- 8.2. Any financial arrangement which does not require formal Borrowing Approval from the Secretary of State/Welsh Assembly Government (such as Hire Purchase or Leasing of tangible assets) shall be subject to approval by the full Council. In each case a report in writing shall be provided to the Council in respect of value for money for the proposed transaction.
- 8.3. The Council will arrange with the council's Banks and Investment providers for the sending of a copy of each statement of account to the Chairman of the Council at the same time as one is issued to the Clerk/RFO.
- 8.4. All loans and investments shall be negotiated in the name of the Council and shall be for a set period in accordance with council policy.
- 8.5. The Council shall consider the need for an Investment Strategy and Policy which, if drawn up, shall be in accordance with relevant regulations, proper practices and guidance. Any Strategy and Policy shall be reviewed by the Council at least annually.
- 8.6. All investments of money under the control of the Council shall be in the name of the Council.
- 8.7. All investment certificates and other documents relating thereto shall be retained in the custody of the RFO.
- 8.8. Payments in respect of short term or long-term investments, including transfers between bank accounts held in the same bank, or branch, shall be made in accordance with Regulation 5 (Authorisation of payments) and Regulation 6 (Instructions for payments).

9 INCOME

- 9.1. The collection of all sums due to the Council shall be the responsibility of and under the supervision of the RFO.
- 9.2. Particulars of all charges to be made for work done, services rendered, or goods supplied shall be agreed annually by the Council, notified to the RFO and the RFO shall be responsible for the collection of all accounts due to the Council.
- 9.3. The Council will review all fees and charges at least annually, following a report of the Clerk/RFO.
- 9.4. Any sums found to be irrecoverable and any bad debts shall be reported to the Council and shall be written off in the year.

- 9.5. All sums received on behalf of the Council shall be banked intact as directed by the RFO. In all cases, all receipts shall be deposited with the Council's bankers with such frequency as the RFO considers necessary.
- 9.6. The origin of each receipt shall be entered on the paying-in slip.
- 9.7. Personal cheques shall not be cashed out of money held on behalf of the Council.
- 9.8. The RFO shall promptly complete any VAT Return that is required. Any repayment claim due in accordance with VAT Act 1994 section 33 shall be made at least annually coinciding with the financial year end.
- 9.9. Where any significant sums of cash are regularly received by the Council, the RFO shall take such steps as are agreed by the Council to ensure that more than one person is present when the cash is counted in the first instance, that there is a reconciliation to some form of control such as ticket issues, and that appropriate care is taken in the security and safety of individuals banking such cash.
- 9.10. Any income arising which is the property of a charitable trust shall be paid into a charitable bank account. Instructions for the payment of funds due from the charitable trust to the Council (to meet expenditure already incurred by the authority) will be given by the Managing Trustees of the charity meeting separately from any council meeting (SEE ALSO Regulation 16 below).

10 ORDERS FOR WORK, GOODS AND SERVICES

- 10.1. An official order, letter or email shall be issued for all work, goods and services unless a formal contract is to be prepared or an official order would be inappropriate. Copies of orders shall be retained.
- 10.2. Order books shall be controlled by the Clerk/RFO.
- 10.3. All members and Officers are responsible for obtaining value for money at all times. An officer issuing an official order shall ensure as far as reasonable and practicable that the best available terms are obtained in respect of each transaction, usually by obtaining three or more quotations or estimates from appropriate suppliers, subject to any *de minimis* provisions in Regulation 11.1 below.
- 10.4. A member may not issue an official order or make any contract on behalf of the Council.
- 10.5. The RFO shall verify the lawful nature of any proposed purchase before the issue of any order, and in the case of new or infrequent purchases or payments, the RFO shall ensure that the statutory authority shall be reported to the meeting at which the order is approved so that the Minutes can record the power being used.

11 CONTRACTS

11.1. Procedures as to contracts are laid down as follows:

- a. Every contract shall comply with these financial regulations, and no exceptions shall be made otherwise than in an emergency provided that this regulation need not apply to contracts which relate to items (i) to (vi) below:
 - i. for the supply of gas, electricity, water, sewerage and telephone services;
 - ii. for specialist services such as are provided by legal professionals acting in disputes;
 - iii. for work to be executed or goods or materials to be supplied which consist of repairs to or parts for existing machinery or equipment or plant;
 - iv. for work to be executed or goods or materials to be supplied which constitute an extension of an existing contract by the Council;
 - v. for additional audit work of the external Auditor up to an estimated value of £500 (in excess of this sum the Clerk/RFO shall act after consultation with the Chairman and Vice Chairman of the Council); and
 - vi. for goods, or materials proposed to be purchased which are proprietary articles and / or are only sold at a fixed price.
- b. Where the Council intends to procure or award a public supply contract (except those public contracts listed under Regulations 7 to 12 that are exempted from the requirements of the 2015 Regulations), public service contract or public works contract as defined by The Public Contracts Regulations 2015 (the Regulations), which is valued at £30,000 or more, the Council shall comply with the relevant requirements of the Regulations. The Council will use the Contracts Finder / Find a Tender websites and other light touch rules in the 2015 Regulations, to advertise contract opportunities, set out procedures to be followed in awarding new contracts and to publicise the award of new contracts.
- c. The full requirements of the 2015 Regulations, as applicable, shall be followed in respect of the tendering and award of a high-value public supply contract, public service contract or public works contract which exceed thresholds issued by the UK Government in the form of Policy Procurement Note 10/21—(which may change from time to time). Thresholds currently applicable are: a) For public supply and public service contracts £214,904 and b) For public works contracts £5,372,609. Contract value estimations must be inclusive of VAT.
- d. When applications are made to waive financial regulations relating to contracts to enable a price to be negotiated without competition the reason shall be embodied in a recommendation to the Council.
- e. Such invitation to tender shall state the general nature of the intended contract and the Clerk/RFO shall obtain the necessary technical assistance to prepare a specification. In respect of expenditure under Regulation 11.1 (a) (i – vi) above, the Clerk/RFO may exercise his discretionary powers to an estimated sum of £750 after consultation with the Chairman and/or Vice Chairman of the Council.

- f. Where it is intended to enter into a contract exceeding £12,000 in value for the supply of goods or materials or for the execution of works or specialist services other than such goods, materials, works or specialist services as are excepted as set out in paragraph (a) the Clerk/RFO shall invite tenders from at least three firms to be taken in appropriate cases. The invitation shall in addition state that tenders must be addressed to the Clerk/RFO in the ordinary course of post. Each tendering firm shall be supplied with a specifically marked envelope in which the tender is to be sealed and remain sealed until the prescribed date for opening tenders for that contract.
- g. All sealed tenders shall be opened at the same time on the prescribed date by the Clerk/RFO in the presence of at least one member of the Council.
- h. If less than three tenders are received for contracts above £12,000 or if all the tenders are identical the Council may make such arrangements as it thinks fit for procuring the goods or materials or executing the works.
- i. Any invitation to tender issued under this regulation shall refer to the terms of the Bribery Act 2010.
- j. When it is to enter into a contract of less than £12,000 and above £250 in value for the supply of goods or materials or for the execution of works or specialist services other than such goods, materials, works or specialist services as are excepted as set out in paragraph (a) the Clerk/RFO shall strive to obtain up to 3 estimates (priced descriptions of the proposed supply).
- k. The Council shall not be obliged to accept the lowest or any tender, quote or estimate.
- l. Should it occur that the Council does not accept any tender, quote or estimate, the work is not allocated and the Council requires further pricing, provided that the specification does not change, no person shall be permitted to submit a later tender, estimate or quote who was present when the original decision-making process was being undertaken.

12 ASSETS, PROPERTIES AND ESTATES

- 12.1. The Clerk/RFO shall make appropriate arrangements for the custody of all title deeds and Land Registry Certificates of properties held by the Council and shall ensure a record is maintained of all properties held by the Council, recording the location, extent, plan, reference, purchase details, nature of the interest, tenancies granted, rents payable and purpose for which held in accordance with Accounts and Audit Regulations.
- 12.2. No tangible moveable property shall be purchased or otherwise acquired, sold, leased or otherwise disposed of, without the authority of the Council, together with any other consents required by law, save where the estimated value of any one item of tangible movable property does not exceed £250.

- 12.3. No real property (interests in land) shall be sold, leased or otherwise disposed of, without the authority of the Council, together with any other consents required by law. In each case a report in writing shall be provided to the Council in respect of valuation and surveyed condition of the property (including matters such as planning permissions and covenants) together with a proper business case (including an adequate level of consultation with the electorate).
- 12.4. No real property (interests in land) shall be purchased or acquired without the authority of the full Council. In each case a report in writing shall be provided to the Council in respect of valuation and surveyed condition of the property (including matters such as planning permissions and covenants) together with a proper business case (including an adequate level of consultation with the electorate).
- 12.5. Subject only to the limit set in Regulation 12.2 above, no tangible moveable property shall be purchased or acquired without the authority of the full Council. In each case a report in writing shall be provided to the Council with a full business case.
- 12.6. The RFO shall ensure that an appropriate and accurate Register of Assets and Investments is kept up to date. The continued existence of tangible assets shown in the Register shall be verified at least annually, possibly in conjunction with a health and safety inspection of assets.
- 12.7. Disposal of assets
- a. Assets not exceeding a value of £250.00 must be authorised by the Clerk and reported to Council.
 - b. Assets exceeding a value of £250.00 must be authorised by Council.
 - c. Any revenue generated from the disposal of an asset will, in normal circumstances, be credited to the cost centre from which the original asset was funded.
 - d. When considering disposal of assets Council will consider:
 - i. Usage: Goods should only be disposed of after checks have been made to ensure that the item could not be utilised by other areas of the Council.
 - ii. Reason for disposal:
 - required to be disposed of under a particular policy e.g. motor vehicles
 - no longer required due to changed procedures, functions or usage patterns;
 - occupying storage space and not being needed in the foreseeable future;
 - no longer complying with health and safety standards;
 - beyond repair but able to be sold for scrap.
 - iii. Value for money: The best value outcome must be a major consideration when disposing of assets via selling on. Disposal should be based on a fair market value for each item. The price established should be based on current market value taking into consideration the condition, age and usefulness of the item. The use of external evaluation services should be sought for specialised items e.g.: machinery, plant, it equipment.
 - iv. Cost of disposal: For example all IT data storage devices must be reformatted prior to disposal to delete any data they may contain.

- v. Options for the Disposal of Assets: Choice of the most appropriate disposal option will normally be influenced by the nature of the goods for disposal and market value. Assets identified for disposal may be sold or disposed of via:
- Sale by public tender
External tenders should be advertised using appropriate channels and sealed bids sought. Assets should be sold as seen and no warranty should be given or implied. The Clerk and at least two Councillors should be appointed to witness the opening, scrutiny and acceptance of the offers made with a final decision on acceptance made by Council. In all cases, payment should be received in full prior to the item being released.
 - Sale to specified purchaser
Sale by public tender may not in some circumstances achieve value for money and therefore in these circumstances the Clerk will be instructed to inform appropriate organisations of the sale for offers. The Clerk and at least two Councillors should be appointed to witness the opening, scrutiny and acceptance of the offers made with a final decision on acceptance made by Council. In all cases, payment should be received in full prior to the item being released.
 - Donated to a community service or organisation
Where the Council has determined that item have no residual value, and where their disposal is therefore unlikely to produce sufficient revenue, it may authorise the donation of the goods to another organisation within the parish area such as schools, charities and volunteer organisations.
 - Scrap
Where items have negligible value or where the cost and time involved in managing the sale process would exceed the financial benefit, the equipment may be scrapped.
- vi. Sale to Staff: Items cannot be purchased by staff or Councillors for the purpose of managing conflict of interests and fair offering.
- e. Asset disposal will be recorded in the Asset Register together with the minute reference providing authorisation and any value received.

13 INSURANCE

- 13.1. Following the annual risk assessment (per Financial Regulation 14), the Clerk/RFO shall effect all insurances and negotiate all claims on the Council's insurers.
- 13.2. The Clerk/RFO shall keep a record of all insurances effected by the Council and the property and risks covered thereby and annually review it.
- 13.3. The Clerk/RFO shall be notified of any loss liability or damage or of any event likely to lead to a claim and shall report these to the Council at the next available meeting.
- 13.4. All appropriate members and employees of the Council shall be included in a suitable form of security or fidelity guarantee insurance which shall cover the maximum risk exposure as determined annually by the council.

14 RISK MANAGEMENT

- 14.1. The Council is responsible for putting in place arrangements for the management of risk. The Clerk/RFO and or appropriate Working Group shall prepare, for approval by the Council, risk management policy statements in respect of all activities of the Council. Risk policy statements and consequential risk management arrangements shall be reviewed by the Council at least annually.
- 14.2. When considering any new activity, the Risk Assessment Working Group shall prepare a draft risk assessment including risk management proposals for consideration and adoption by the Council.

15 SUSPENSION AND REVISION OF FINANCIAL REGULATIONS

- 15.1. It shall be the duty of the Council to review the Financial Regulations of the Council from time to time. The Clerk/RFO shall arrange to monitor changes in legislation or proper practices and shall advise the Council of any requirement for a consequential amendment to these Financial Regulations.
- 15.2. The Council may, by resolution of the Council, suspend any part of these Financial Regulations provided that reasons for the suspension are recorded.

16 CHARITIES

- 16.1. Where the Council is sole managing trustee of a charitable body the Clerk / RFO shall ensure that separate accounts are kept of the funds held on charitable trusts and separate financial reports made in such form as shall be appropriate, in accordance with Charity Law and legislation, or as determined by the Charity Commission. The Clerk / RFO shall arrange for any audit or independent examination as may be required by Charity Law or any Governing Document.